THE EXAMINER:

morel Weekly, an Jefferson St., next door but one

TERMS. MO BOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE. PAUL SEYMOUR, PUBLISHER.

COMMUNICATION.

Let the Methodists Henr.-No. VII

To the Editors of the Examiner: GENTLEMEN-My purpose in the present communication is to point out the influence slavery has upon the marriage relation-and I may as well affirm now, that marriage is unknown among slores. The law of the land is silent upon the subject, and the relation exists only by the cansent of their respective masters or during the pleasure of the parties. Some masters will have their slaves married by a minister of the Gomel. I have performed the solemn rite for them, but when they promised to live together in love till death should separate them-and I solemnly pronounced them "husband and wifetogether, in the name of the Father and of the were morked. The continuance of the relation did not depend upon themselves-and might be severe in ten minutes after it was created-and meet. I was present some years since at rather no informal trial of a negro man who was a local prencher in our Church:-He was charged before the Church with having two wives-and the proof was clear that such was the fact-but when the man came to defend himself, he put a on the affair, and some very hard questions to the presiding efficer. He admitted that probably there were living, then, two women who had sustained to him the relation of wife, but said he felt no guilt upon his conscience for any agency he had had in producing such a state of facts. 'I,' said he, 'loved my first wife tenderly, and we lived together happily for several years, when her master sold her and she wn the river-I never expected to -considered her as dead to mene two years I married the one I In all this I do not feel that I have

ucation, incapable of communing with the great

and even legalized, under the system of slavery. and distant families—rendering it impracticable for them to associate together, except at distant

to justify this? You who appeal to it in justiyour rights, point us to the passage in all that by implication can be made to an you had anything bearing the most remote trazedy ought to arouse every christian and eve-

and professors of religion, called upon to wipe sway this reproach from the Church of Christ, and our common country. Not by noisy decamation, railing accusations against slaveholders, for they are often goverous and humane, peals whispered with affectionate concern into the ear in the closet, are much more likely to
the Budget was presented to the Assembly of
the lith. happy results than any public effort which falls short of an overwhelming demonstration. Let the minister remember that he is not done preaching when he descends from the pulpitthat his message ought always to be upon his hips-that he ought not only to develope the great principles of the Gospel, but apply them faithfully in his private intercourse with the people of his charge. "Think on these things, and the Lard give you understanding."

Under the Bridge, July 5th, 1848.

United States Finances.

The United States Treasurer's statement to the 24th June, 1848, shows the amount subject to draft at that date, \$1,638,111 97-in the treasury at Washington \$87,590 71-depository Baltimore \$11,435 39, at Richmond \$146, at orfolk \$379 83. In the mint at Philadelphia 344,988 65. Treasury notes outstanding or The following extracts are from the secon edition of the London Times, of the 16th:

Arrival of the Cambrin. SEVEN DAYS LATER.

in England nething of importance has transpir The proposed Chartist demonstration, by which i

one, did not take place at all.

The renowned Tom Stocke, the Head Pacificator of Ireland, under Mr. O'Connell, died on the 15th altimo, in consequence of injuries resulting from his attempt to destroy himself. England.

THE NEW REFORM ASSOCIATION.—Meetings, in connection with this association, have been held in several of the source important cities and towns in Great Britain. They have been more numerous intely, owing to the close approach of the time assued for the bringing forward of Mr. Hume's motion. The meetings, in many places, were presided over, or attended by the mayor, town councilions and other respectable inhabitants; and, although the six points of the charter were, in many instances, advocated at all the assemblages, they resolved to support Mr. Hume's motion as an in-

True bills have been found by the grand jury at the June session of the Central Criminal Court, nden, against Messrs. Ernest, Jones, Fussell ernon, Looney, Sharpe and Williams, the Chart-

England and Spain. The Spanish Minister, Don Xavier Isturitz, has It this country without the customary formalities an audience to take leave of Her Majesty, and ons last night that his departure is to be consid-San and of the Holy Chast," I felt that they Sir H. Bulwer from Spain. There is, however, no son to apprehend that more serious differences hostilities will arise; and we had far rather that or diplomatic relations with a foreign State should suspended altogether than conducted withou discretion or success. In the present our own Foreign office, it is really for the interest of Europe to part them.—London Times, 16th. THE CHARLISTS.—The "Grand Demonstration" bich was to have taken place in London on the

12th of June, which was to have eclipsed, or rather make amends for the abortive 10th of April, hich was to have consisted of 300,000 men, did t come off after all; and the attempt was even more ridiculous failure than its predecessor. e authorities had made ample preparations for e preservation of the public peace; and so iming was the array of horse and foot, policemen pensioners, that the Chartists and Confederate selv held discretion to be the better part of vaor, and abandoned all the desperate intentions ished with imprisonment for six months or a year, which they had proclaimed.—Willmer & Smith's and a fine of from 6.3 to 100 scudi (600f.) The law

till in a dull and languid state. Prices continue of recede without the prospect of an improvement. The reports from the manufacturing disicts of England and Scotland do not improve .-Notwithstanding all these unfavorable symptoms, employed capital is most abundant; so much so minority the Archduchess Sophia (a sister of the now have. In all this I do not feel that I have that first class bills ere discounted at 3 per cent. Queen of Paussia) would be regent.

In Prussia the National Assembly has rejected law for white men and another for The weather still continues to be of the most fa- lasted two days, a motion for a formal declars are cheering in the highest degree.

France appears to be again in deep trouble, and sen to an alarming extent and has been the cause sore bone of contention. of a very ominous defeat of the Executive Com-mission. The return of Prince Louis Bonaparte, rection at Moultáin. of God, under these circum- as a member of the Assembly from Paris, as well as the department of Yonne, the Sarthe, and the ower Charente, caused great embatrasament to f the Bonaparte family were members of the As-

our domestic relations. How alarming extent throughout the country, but more rage, foamed at the mouth, and swooned. specially in the Army, and several regiments have interesting operation had no effect upon his country. ried "Vive l'Empereur Napoleon," while many nore have cried "Vive Louis Napoleon." When is name was announced on the steps of the Hotel on the tops of their bayonets in token of exul-

The call not being in order, was not respon-

Soon after this, a bill for opening a credit of 25,-(xx) france a month for the use of the government and 75,000 francs for secret service money, being

explained why and wherefore the Government had considered it its duty to proclaim a Republic; but be Republic they wished was a Republic of order. M. Lamartine pronounced this word with emphas. At this moment he was unable to conceal

wageast than before, and just then were rumors her head and governor, to serve him whose right is founded in positive tow. So directly dues that three shots had been fired at M. C. Thomas, the commander of the National Guard. Here the cry was heard of Vive l'Empeinvery involve the violation of the plain law of Guard. Here the cry was heard of Vive l'Empereur Napoleon! responded to by cries of Vive la Republique! but no processful at the domestic relations which scriptions! cried M. Larabite. Considerable agitation prevailed in the hall.

One of the National Gnard had received a sho in the stomach, and the blood was seen to flow. am obliged, said M. Lamartine, with considerabl emotion, to interrupt the speech which I proposed addressing to the Assembly, in order to submit a decree which ought immediately to be passed in order to stop the movement at present going on. favor this outrage upon the peace of families .- A Member: Let us vote by acclemation. (Cries "Yes, yes.")

The greatest agitation arose here. instant. It declares that, considering peace had been troubled and civil war had been commenced, though perhaps invotuntarily, by Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, and that he had already twice made bonaparte, and that he had already twice made. The Massachusetts left yesterday evening with equal rights and responsibilities? The Covington attempts for his own personal ambition; considerattempts for his own personal ambition; considering that the Executive Committee could not take the responsibility of the disturbances caused, or the attempts made now for a similar purpose, declares the bill of 1816 against the Bonaparte family of the whole system, and cause them to labor knowneridly for such changes in the organic law of the land as may be necessary to termin-

This was considered as equivalent to a vote in favor of the decree for the expulsion of the Bona-parte family, and the members of the family prosted against it in the most earnest manner. passed by a vote of 569 to 112. This is regarded as a vote of confidence in the government.

On the 13th the subject of excluding Prince land to God that it were in our to carry home all who have sacrificed their in the service of their country.

A postscript in Willmer & Smith's Times, states that the Bonspartist excitement continues, and measures are taken to keep up vigorously. Pamphlets in praise of Prince Louis Napoleon are strewed about the crowded assemblies, and news-papers in his interest are distributed gratis.

Prince Louis has assued an address thanking, in

member of Assembly.

The walls were, on the 15th, stuck over with placard, bearing no signature, but recommending in among terms the Assembly to dismiss the Covernment and the Ministry; and to confer a dictorship on M. Caussidiere.

The London Standard, of June 15, says that up to

The London Standard, of June 16, says that up to the present time Prince Louis Napoleon remains at his residence in London, without any orders having been given for a removal.

Several persons supposed to be implicated in a Bonapartist conspiracy have been arrested, and it is said that the police are making strict search to discover Madame Gordon, an English woman, who is implicated in the Stratsburg conspiracy of Prince Louis Napoleon.

to generally yesterday. Ramor stated that it would recommend a president, who should hold office for four years, and that M. Arago would probably be selected for the post. Prince Louis Napoleon was also spoken of, but only, it is believed, to bring him into discredit. A very strong petition to the Assembly was in course of signature, recommending M. Caussidiere for the office. "Strange to say," observes our correspondent, "neither M. Lamartine nor Ledru Rollm are mentioned as can-

It was understood in Paris resterday that a "family council" was held in Paris on Twesday, of the moderate friends of Prince Louis Bonaparte, at which it was resolved to exhort him to perse vere in the intention he had announced not to return to France until the Constitution had been voted by the National Assembly.

In Italy very little of interest has transpired. The Pope had consented to go to Milan and place the iron crown on the head of Charles Albert. The news of the fall of Peschiera was the cause of

great rejoicing in Rome on the 4th.

The Austrian forces were concentrated at Casaboldo, Asola and Rivalta, at which latter place Marhall Radetzky had established his headquarters. Letters from Bologna, published at Rome on the state that negotiations are on foot between the strian Government and Chas, Albert, Austria s to recall her troops from Italy on condition that taly shall take upon it a part of the Austrian debt.
I is said that the Pope will be the referee to settle

The people of Lombardy have by a vote of 561,-62 declared for the immediate annexation of Lom-ardy to Piedmont. The provisional government and already propounded the matter to the King of Sardinia and the Chambers, with the view of gain ng their assent. Letters from Turin say, that in consequence of

te annexation of Lombardy, the Chambers will be inmediately dissolved. It is expected that a Con-

he Press was published. The censorship is abolinter and the place of publication. Clandestine

ent. Public journals must have a responsible ontains four chapters and thirty-two articles. In Austria it is believed that it is the intention serted that he, too, is prepared to resign his rights in favor of his son, Francis Joseph, during whose

not, under the same circumstances, repeat - ced the rate of interest from 4 to 31-2 per cent. - by a majority of 196 to 177, after a debate which crops with great rapidity and luxuriance. From all events of March as a revolution, and that the arts of the country the accounts respecting them | combatants of March had deserved well of their

> he prey of faction. The Bonaparte feeling has beted vigor and the Duchies are likely to prove a was the equality of man; and to bring about Advices from India give particulars of an insur-

From Yucatan.

Our dates from Campeachy, by the way of Vera Cozz, are to the 17th inst. On the 13th inst. a command of 250 men of the battalion "Libertad" left Campeachy under Senor Baledon, for Chinkol the Republic to suppress.

Since his election Imperialism had spread to an upon returning. Their commander fell into a great name was announced on the steps of the Hotel distance. The brilliant result of this expedition Ville, the military present raised their caps frightened the people of Campeachy, and those who On the 12th, M. Piere Bonaparts the in the imputation of being the author, or cognizant of the months and being the author, or cognizant of the sion of the haciendas of Kala and Escalers, only a

movements made in his name. He had been ast misshed to hear, that notwithstanding the evidence of flames were distinctly visible from the church towthe sincerity of his republicanism given by his cars of the city. The sight struck terror into the cousin,—that a law of expatriation was intended hearts of the affrighted inhabitants. Every one positions. The Indians appear to have advanced up to the defences of the city, but in no great force, for they dispersed upon receiving a few discharges of artiflery. We see no mention made of the killed

ment and will probably be shot. The rest of the ommand are said to be anxious to be led against

pof Bolouchin (in possession of the savages) by (ii) volunteers. Rumors began to be received at 7(1) volunteers. Campenchy of a fight, and it was said that a ser geant, wounded in the action had arrived there. Lamartine pronounced this word with empha-At this moment he was unable to conceal emotion, and was requested to rest for a moed from the Indians. They were forced to retreat by want of provisions. It is considered at Cam-

The Government is pursuing a severe course to

upon them, and to recover their lost ground the whites must await the aid of the Central Govern ment of Mexico .- N. O. Pic., 30th ult.

[Special Correspondence of the Picayune.] Letter from Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, June, 24, 1848. The embarkation of the troops goes on so rapid ly that the prospect of soon returning to our home brightens every moment, and most likely by th M. Lamartine: I have it here drawn up on the been evacuated, though it is probable that a guard instant. It declares that, considering peace had of one regiment will have to be left there a few

I saw, while on the mole last evening, something like twenty coffins containing the remains of some of our brave volunteers who have died in the ser-vice of their country, and which are being transported to their homes and country to be deposited by the side of friends, who, like them, have passed away; and would to God that it were in our power to carry home all who have sacrificed their lives in the service of their country.

Eight thousand troops are now on the way home.

quartermaster, an overseer, was murdered while asleep, by one of the men under him, who has been arrested. I have not been able to learn the names

It is said that a new American newspaper wil makes its appearance next Monday.

The rainy season has set in, or something like it for we have a fine shower nearly every night, which adds much to the comfort of those in the city by cooling the atmosphere, although not very agrees ble to those who are sheltered by the canvass on at camp.

Large Lecomotive.

John Van Harrn's Last Speech.

ject upon which too much light cannot be thrown.

Fellow Citizens:-A convention of the democrats of this county, having invited me to address you here to-day, it gives me great pleasure to comply with their request. A and the electors of this State will shortly be Wabash Valley: called upon to discharge the responsible trust, so far as devolves upon them, of eleemployed in regard to the slave trade, was employed in regard to the slave trade, was not stronger than was used at that day by the same distinguished man, as well as by the same distinguished man, as well as by George Washington, Patrick Henry, James south by the Wabash River, during the Madison, James Moaroe, George Mason, Shipping season of 1847, from all points bethan do the people residing in this section of ident of Venezuela, a partisan of Monagas, declaring the blockade of Maracaibo and the adja-Attacks against the church, or its ministers, or against the temporal power of the Pope, or insults against foreign Powers or their ministers, are puntaged in the context of the puntage revolution, in speaking of domestic slavery itself; with the single exception that the foreign slave trade was an evil which our forefathers had it in their power promptly to suppress, and were, therefore, responsible for the continuance of it, whilst domestic slavery was a condition forced upon as by the mother country, for which we were not responsible, and which required time, humanity and

philanthropy to ameliorate and extinguish. independence, like these patriots who recently overturned the French monarchy, knew and felt that the basis of true freedom this happy result consistently with the condition of the country, they adopted the fol-lowing policy. In regard to the States where slavery existed, it was left to the wisdom and humanity of the State government to escape from the evil. The unsettled territory north and west of the Ohio, out of which it was contemplated that future States would be formed, belonged to Virginia .-This territory was ceded to the United States immediately at the close of the revolution. Jefferson was one of the grantors in the deed of cession; the following year he introduced an ordinance (cheers) by which it was declared, that after 1800, slavsuch territory, or in the States to be formed out of it. Three years afterwards an ordinance was past by which slavery was immediately and for ever prohibited in said ter. been deduced, among which are,

that State; it was so ratified almost unanimously. The framers of the constitution, at the same time and place, authorised Congress after 1808, to prohibit the foreign slave trade. This delay of twenty years in a work of humanity and justice was a concession wrung from the patriots of Virginia and of one. Estimating the tonnage shipped in in the manner and time hereinafter specified, the North, by the obstinacy of South Caro- both directions the proportion is as five to shall be referred to four commissioners, who what a fine washing of clothes would there be lina and Georgia, which States, by their one in favor of the canal. Strongest and most influential families of the first of the whole virginia, private secretary to Mr. Madison during his presidency, and formerly Gover. Corn, the total value of which amounts to nor of the State of Illinois—informs me that a condition of the State of Illinois—informs me that a condition of the state of Illinois—informs me that a con the ordinance of 1787 actually emancipated exports.

a large number of slaves, who, at the time now composing the State of Illinois. now composing the State of Illinois.

So early as 1796, St. George Tacker, one of the ablest men in Virginia, published a plan for the abolition of slavery in that State; and in inforcing the propriety of such abolition, he described slavery as an evil a abolition, he described slavery as an evil a which Great Britain had subjected us to, and one from which Virginia must be saved, or her physical and moral destruction would be inevitable. This clance at the early at all seasons of the year.

Fountain, the exports of Wheat and its product (Flour,) and the export of Pork and its product (Flour,) and the export of Pork and its product (Flour,) and the export of Pork and its product (Lard and Bacon,) are very nearly equal in value. North of these counties, Wheat appears to be the great staple, while South of them Pork is the leading production of the country. The opening of the Canal South of Fountain county will doubtless increase the production of Wheat in that region, by affording a cash market on the time of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the commissioners, and referred to the umpire appointed under the convention of the 11th of April, 1839, and which were considered by the umpire appointed under the convention of the 11th of April, 1839, and which were not decided by him, shall be referred to, and decided by the umpire to be appointed, as provided by this convention, on the points submitted to the umpire under the late convention of the time and the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Convention of the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Mexican Republic, which were considered by the Mexica be inevitable. This glance at the early at all seasons of the year. grace which its existence brought upon the 854 tons.

association and its name. western territory, ceded by Virginia, have of which were shipped Westward.

Who can look at those five lusty children, from the towns above Delphi, in comparison The New York Herald, contains a full report and can even believe that they have ever with those below that point. The race of of the speech of John Van Buren, delivered at sprung from such an exhausted mother? ex- red men who subsist only by the chase, re- may get entirely rid of the deleterious and Geneseo, N. Y. We make room for the open- hausted too, not in giving birth to, or in fusing to cultivate the soil, having yielded destructive products of animal affluvia and ing portion of his speech, as it relates to a subthey were born and weaned.

Exports of the Wabash Canal. We take pleasure in laying before our readers the annexed letter, copied from the Terre presidential election is about approaching, istical information relating to the trade of the

FORT WAYNE, April 20,1848.

Dear Sir,—Since my connection with lions of free people, one of the citizens of the Wabash and Eric Canal, I have devoted some attention to the subject of the trade and commerce of the Wabash Valley, for which this duty, is whether slavery shall be extended to terripries of the United States that are now free. Thomas Jefferson, in that are now free. Thomas Jefferson, in that are now free. Thomas Jefferson, in the Wabash, (for whose polite attention I wish here to express my thanks.) I have been furnished with an accurate statement of Great Britain charges him with having waged a cruel war against aumin nature itself, vio.

I trust, so far as devolves upon them, of elevating to the cale magistracy of twenty mil.

Below Delphi and from that point to the bounty in its agricultural improvement is much more advanced, and the aggregate value of its surplus collected for transportation to distant markets is much larger, amounting as may be seen by the foregoing tables of shipment both by canal and river, to the immense business residing at the various towns on the Wabash, (for whose polite attention I wish here to express my thanks.) I have been furnished with an accurate statement of the shipments south of the Wabash River, of all leading articles of produce, during the lating its most sacred rights of life and lib. FORT WAYNE, April 20,1848. lating its most sacred rights of life and lib. of all leading articles of produce, during the it is considered that this surplus of producerty, in the persons of a distant people who never offended him. 'This practical warthe annexation of Lombarcy, the Chambers will be immediately dissolved. It is expected that a Constituent Assembly will be invoked at Milan.

The French Government has acknowledged that of Sicilly. The Sicilian Crown had been offered to a son of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, and also to the Duke of Genoa but both offers had been to the Duke of Genoa but both offers had been to the Christian King of the Confectors, I have, in fixe manner, about 60 miles in length with the river, and about 60 miles in width, being equal in the canal during the same year. Believing that a condensed statistical view of this subject, shewing the amount of shipments form to the Duke of Genoa but both offers had been to indicate the shipments of produce north by the canal during the same year. Believing that a condensed statistical view of this subject, shewing the amount of shipments form sold, he has prostituted his negative for suppressing any legislative attempt to restrain ports of the Wabash Valley, together with the literature of the Wabash Valley, together with the ports of the Wabash Valley was to the ports of the Wabash Valley was the ports From Ireland there is no news of importance. In Rome, on the 6th, a new law of the liberty of this execrable traffic." The language thus the proportion shipped by the canal and by number of inhabitants on any part of the treat, owing to the misery and destination of his army. On the other hand treat continue to re-

ship	ging season	of 1	847,	from	all p	oints be
twee	en the dam	at D	elphi	and	the s	onth line
of V	igo county	12	- Pin		uno e	outh time
				A	grega	te Value
Fron	n Delphi and	l Pitt	share			\$29,551
**	Lafayette	and v	icinit	W.		96,079
16	Ladepender	nce (n	io acc	t rec	divad)	30,010
44	Attica.				-	69,645
	Williams ;	ort.		-		58,339
441	Covington	and v	icinit	v.	14 TH	68,681
44	Perrysville			2.0		45,401
16	Eugene an		millie	on riv	er.	100,422
11	Lodi and v					36,040
98	Newport,					43,087
60.	Montezum	a. Ar	niesb	urch	and	4118000
	Sugar Ci				-	107,857
-66	Clinton,					108,183
**	Terre Hau	te and	vicis	ity.	1.2	471,294
**	Darwin,	-				24,730
	- L				- 0	

Total by the river. - \$1,259,309 2d. Of agricultural products shipped north by the Wabash and Erie Canal during the season of navigation of 1847:

From Lafayette, including Attion, Covington, and intermediate Points, From Logansport, including Delphi, Pittsburgh and intermediate points, - - -

From Lagro, including Wabash, Peru, and other intermediate rom Fort Wayne, including Huntington and intermediate

By a detailed analysis of the foregoing statements, several interesting facts have 1848.

delegates in the convention, refused to come into the Union unless the concession was made. The first Congress under the new South line of Vigo county, amounting to the President of the Mexican Republic, and laces, while her loving lord boldly wrestles with constitution, in 1789, to remove all doubt 83,174,576, the largest item in Wheat and the other two by the President of the United the counterpane and table cloths the other two by the President of the United the counterpane and table cloths of the validity of the ordinance of 1787, ratified it by a legislative act. Edward Coles, a most estimable and intelligent citizen of Philadelphia—a member of one of the Strongest and most influential families of Strongest and the other two by the President of the United States, with the approbation and consent of the States, with the other two by the President of the United States, with the approbation and consent of the States, with the other two by the President of the United States, with the other two by the President of the United States and the other two by the President of the United States and the other strongest and most influential families of or near one-third of the whole export, while tially the claims submitted to them, and employment of mauling rails, graciously con-

3d. From that portion of the valley em- publics. of its passage, were found in the territory braced in the counties of Tippecanoe and ART. 5. All claims of citizens of the Fountain, the exports of Wheat and its pro- United States against the Government of A Comoes Fact IN BUTTER MARING. -- Ac-

history of our country, and at the action of 4th. Estimating the trade of the Wabash respective commissioners shall deem it ex- on SLEEPING APARTMENTS.—No living, sleeping the patriots of the revolution, satisfied me Valley by its tonnage, it appears from the pedient, they may submit to the said arbiter nor working room should contain less than 140 that the framers of the constitution regarded facts collected that the total shipment of new arguments upon the said claims. slavery as a moral, social, and political produce South by the river from all points curse; that one great object of the revolution between the Delphi Dam, and the South was to escape from it, and that they intend-el to make, and did make a government, in 40,119 tons; of which 33,008 tons descendon the 13th the subject of excluding Prince Louis Boungarie from the Assembly was resumed, and what joy will they carry with them into the fall they have assisted in performing for their country.

Louis Boungarie from the Assembly was resumed, said defences of the crowning are now on the way home, and what joy will they carry with them into the fall they have assisted in performing for their country.

Louis Boungarie from the Assembly was resumed, said defences of the circumstry. The have wasps about their stalls for the purpose of discussion from the pulpit, but as St. Paul preached the Gospel at Meeting and privately to them which seere of reputation, lets by any means I should year or had faithful dealing with reason in the National Assembly, and to make the same and the manner, and taken the appointment of agent for the disposal of such flow.

A NEW FRATILIENDO Conforcing for the amounts and during the same terms of produce shipped North by the same items of the capacities of other same items of produce shipped North by the same items of other country.

A NEW FRATILIENDO CONFORT OF OFFICE ADMINISTRATION OFFICE ADMINISTRAT which Congress should have power to pro- ed the river in flat boats, and 7,111 tons in aged man who is in affliction, pay that in-

5th. The total tonnage of the Wabash The policy of the country, from the revo. and Eric Canal, estimating the entire translution till recently, with the exception of portation in both directions including exthe admission of Texas, Louisiana and Florida, in all of which, in my judgment, slavery ought to have been prohibited, (cheers) confirm me in this belief. Out of the North-wardly towards Lake Erie, and 32,798 tons

ing still and looking at them grow up after under a beneficient arrangement of Providence everywhere observable, the arm of imbedded in the wall, near the ceiling, the husbandman is now rapidly gaining the should eventually be carried into a chimney mastery over this forest; and the region of where a constant fire is maintained, as that the Upper Wabash has already reached that of the kitchen; but as chimneys sometimes Haute Express, containing very interesting stat-stage in the history of its improvement, from "smoke," or have an imperfect "draught," which a large and annually increasing sur-

re	ping season of 1847, from all points be- en the dam at Delphi and the south line
1	igo county:
	Aggregate Value.
10	n Delphi and Pittsburgh, \$29,551
**	Lafayette and vicinity 96,079
16	ladependence (no acc't received)
16	Atties, 69,645
R.	Williams port, 58,339
HZ.	Covington and vicinity, - 68,681
14	Perrysville, 45,401
16	Eugene and Vermillion river, 100,422
	Loci and vicinity, - 36,040
H.	Newport, 43,087
ie.	
	Montezuma, Armiesburgh and
	Sugar Creek, 107,857
	Clinton, 108,183
14	Terre Haute and vicinity, - 471,294
16	Darwin, 24,730

Total by the Canal. -

been formed the States of Ohio, Indiana, It will be recollected that the whole coun-

that the improvement of this region has nected and remitted of the State of Virginia, and how remarkable does the condition of Virginia, and that the great rooms of \$1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of \$1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of the forest, unrelieved by the axis \$1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of \$1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of the forest, unrelieved by the axis at 1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of the forest, unrelieved by the axis at 1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of the forest, unrelieved by the axis at 1,933,821.78, and that the great rooms of the forest, unrelieved by the axis at 1,933,821.78, and t

I do not overlook the fact that 1847 was more than an average year in respect to the value of our exports—prices during that ter receiving notice of the blockade are to be served ranging unusually high. As regards the quantity of the agricultural exports, the difference between that year and others, would not be so material. The export of Pork, Lard, &c., has been greater in 1848 than in 1847-that of Wheat and Corn will prob.

ably be less. With great respect, your ob't serv't, J. L. WILLIAMS. CHARLES BUTLER' Esq., New York.

Claims on Mexico. In Executive Session, Senate of the United

States, June 21, 1848 Resolved, That the injunction of secrecy | To Make Paint .- Having been so frequently be removed from the first and fifth articles of the unratified convention of the settlement of claims of the citizens and Government of the Mexican Republic against the Govern. To make paint without white lend and oil:ment of the United States, and of the citizens and Government of the United States against the Government of the Mexican Republic, quantity of milk to make a mixture resembling concluded at the city of Mexico the 20th of cream; the remainder of the milk is then to November, 1843, as proposed to be ratified added; and lastly the whiting is then to be crumbled and spread on the surface of the fluid. by the Senate of the United States, which in which it gradually sinks. At this period, it unratified convention is referred to, and the must be well stirred in, or ground as you would first and fifth articles thereof made a part of other paint, and it is then fit for use. There the fifteenth article of the treaty of peace, may be added any coloring matter that suite the friendship. limits, and settlement between friendship, limits, and settlement between It is to be applied in the same manner a the United States of America, and the Mex- other paint, and in a few hours it will become ican Republic, concluded at Guadalupe perfectly dry. Another coat may then be ad-Hidalgo on the second day of February

shall form a board, and shall be appointed my countrywomen?

of nations, and the treaties of the two Re- ter nymphs and salamanders !- Grace Green conclusive. It is also agreed that, if the

Do all the good you can. Whenever you

Pay all you owe. Keep out of debt Get not entangled in the meshes of the law; avoid it as the sure gate of ruin.

Shun vicious pursuits and unprincipled associates. Honor the Sabbath; serve God, and be devoted to truth and religion. Peace and contentment will smile in your path,

blessings rich and abundant.

To Discharge Impure Air. carbonic acid gas, &c., and other emanations. A pipe, having a funnel mouth, and plus product may reasonably be anticipated summit of the chimney, lest otherwise smoke r transportation.

Below Delphi and from that point to the heated by the high temperature of the chim-

was promptly attacked, and three of his boats or vessels sunk and 150 men drowned and the rest of his force dispersed. These disasters have forced Monagas back to a position in the province of

cent coast. Vessels of war of friendly nations are allowed to ent-r, but merchant vessels will be opped, and those which may attempt to enter atas far back as the 11th May .- N. O. Pic., 30th.

AGRICULTURAL.

A CHEAP PAINT .- As this is the season of the year when the good housewife delights in furnishing up the homestead, and in making it and all its appendages look almost like new, we -publish the following receipt for making a cheap paint. It is by Colonel Boyle, of Annapolis, a gentleman, who, notwitstanding the indevotes a portion of it to rural occupations, and has, in times past, very acceptably occupied our pages, much to the edification and delight of our

applied to for the following receipt, until it has

quest you to publish it.

ded, and so on until the work is complet This paint is of great tenacity, and posses a slight elasticity, which enables it to bear rub ritory.

1st. In respect to that portion of the valley extending from Delphi, to Covington, confederation unanimously, and was sent to confederation unanimously.

ART. 1. All claims of the citizens of the deduced, among without are, and the confederation of the valley extending from Delphi, to Covington, of the United States, which shall be presented in the manner and time hereinafter believe to be blackened by sulphurous or animal vapors, and was sent to be blackened by sulphurous or animal vapors. ART. 1. All claims of the citizens of the bing, even with a coarse wollen cloth, without Virginia to be ratified by the Legislature of produce has had free choice between the expressed, and all claims of citizens of the and it is not injurious to health. All of which

covering 27 square yards with one cont .- An-

vain attempts to soft-soop the ladies into washerwomen, could be restored to the pristine form,

DIMENSIONS NECESSARY FOR HEALTH IN LIVING opening at the top, and if possible, it should not be without an open fireplace, or an opening for

IMPROVEMENT OF GUANO .- If the farmer pos-

COMPARATIVE VALUE OF INDIAN CORN AND BUCKWHEAT AS FOOD FOR HENS .- It is believjoy dance in your countenance, and every ed that a bushel of corn will last twice as lane of life before you will be fraught with but the latter will make them lay eggs more